

DUKASCOPY BANK SA

ANNUAL REPORT





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INTRODUCING THE BANK

Dukascopy's history started in 1998 as a project of physicists headed by Dr. Andrey Duka, aiming at serving the financial community with innovative solutions based on novel mathematical and econophysical techniques.

Thirteen years later, the founders' vision materialised in an online bank, marketplace, and community offering not only a unique home-made trading environment but also an interactive platform where investors may access specialised information, exchange views, share know-how, and entertain themselves. Dukascopy will continue to heavily invest in research and development and distinguish itself through innovation.

During its years of presence in the internet brokerage industry, Dukascopy has made its name known as a trusted broker offering unrivalled trading technology.





MESSAGE FROM THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The execution of our strategy designed to achieve excellence, efficiency and our capacity to adapt and innovate led us to conclude a record year in 2013, in a quite difficult political, regulatory and economic environment for Swiss banks.

While facing multiple local and international challenges, Dukascopy Bank continues its successful development in new products and services and increases its international presence.

Anticipating the trend in financial services, we innovate on products such as Dukascopy Connect, a secure instant messaging application and significantly upgrade our technology to provide our clients with state of the art solutions.

Our vision and our commitment to invest in the future have proven to be effective and successful to reach sustainable development and growth.



MESSAGE FROM THE CEO

"Coming together is a beginning, keeping together is progress, working together is success" Henry Ford.

These words of Henry Ford describe the road Dukascopy Bank has been striding along. 2013 was the best year Dukascopy has ever had, in spite of the aftermath of European financial crisis. Dukascopy is well placed to continue on its path, based on three pillars: average spread of 0,2 pips in EURUSD, local and international visibility, and innovation of products.

Our business model linked to ultra-competitive spreads has set industry standards and is appreciated by our retail clients who have increased by 30%. The retail numbers, however, show just part of Dukascopy's success; new institutional clients as far afield as Japan, Hong Kong, Australia, Russia, and Turkey have joined Dukascopy White Labelling program, proving its international reputation.

Dukascopy is ready to face the new challenges of more sophisticated clients and adapts its trading technologies and communication tools to compete in the vigorous digital banking war. Experience on our path has taught us to adapt to the changing Forex industry and invest in continuing innovation. In 2013, we have developed new products, such as binary options and VisualJForex; we also have added new crosses. We have increased membership of Dukascopy community to more than 50,000 members and further increased our local and international visibility through the Geneva Forex Event, the Dukascopy TV channel and local representative offices, such as the newly opened local office in Moscow.

Together with our clients, partners and community members, Dukascopy has achieved a lot during 2013 - and we are ready to top these results in 2014 and work together for further success.

Alain Broyon Chief Executive Officer



REVIEW OF OPERATIONS

Dukascopy Bank SA

2013 shows strong financial results and continued organic growth at the Bank. Always more clients are seduced by Dukascopy (JForex) trading technology. As a result, client deposits increased by 13.2% which triggered higher trading volume and higher income compared to previous year. These favourable conditions combined with a controlled increase of operating expenses improved gross and net profits (+23.4% and +31.2%). The latter will be retained so as to build up the Bank's financing and solvency.

The Bank's geographical expansion (a fourth office has been opened in 2013 out of Switzerland), its high investments in innovative technologies and new products are reflected in the staff increase (+13.0%) and inevitably push operating expenses up. However, this expansion strategy is profitable and necessary.

Dukascopy Group

On a Group level, Dukascopy Europe IBS AS, a wholly owned subsidiary of Dukascopy Bank SA has closed its first positive financial year and contributed by 22.5% to the consolidated net profit. Dukascopy Europe IBS AS' financial results 2013 are very encouraging and confirm the relevance of the Group strategy.

KEY FIGURES OF DUKASCOPY BANK

	Year 2013	Year 2012	Variation	Variation
	(in CHF million)	(in CHF million)	(in CHF million)	(in %)
Total operating income	30.1	27.2	+2.9	+10.7%
Total operating expenses	24.5	22.7	+1.9	+8.2%
Gross profit	5.6	4.5	+1.1	+23.4%
Depreciation of fixed assets	2.4	2.2	+0.2	+9.6%
Net profit	2.1	1.5	+0.7	+31.2%
Cost / income ratio	81.5%	83.4%	n/a	-1.9%
Total assets	151.5*	139.6	+11.9	+8.6%
Total client deposits	117.6	103.9	+13.7	+13.2%
Shareholders' equity	28.4	26.3	+2.1	+8.0%
Employees at 31 December (full time)	213.8	189.2	+24.6	+13.0%
Solvency ratios (Tier1 and CET1)**	14.7%	15.1%	n/a	-0.4%

* would have been 153.3 without a change in accounting principles occurred in 2013

** 10.5% minimum are required



ORGANISATION OF THE BANK

Board of Directors

- **Chairman** Bogdan Prensilevich
- Vice-Chairman Pierre J-M. Bongard
- Members Gérard de Cerjat Frank Guemara Pierre-Alain Guillaume

Internal Auditor

PKF Certifica SA

Executive Committee

Chairman Dr. Andrey Duka, Chief Technology officer

Vice-Chairman Alain Broyon, Chief Executive Officer

Members Laurent Bellières, Chief Financial & Risk Officer Veronika Makarova, Chief Administrative Officer

External Auditor

KPMG SA



BALANCE SHEET

as at 31 December 2013

Assets	31.12.2013 CHF	31.12.2012 CHF
Liquid assets	82,630,033	92,787,467
Amounts due from banks	47,793,285	36,476,546
Amounts due from customers	78,459	120,697
Financial investments	15,961,977	-
Participations	1,486,497	1,386,497
Tangible fixed assets	1,690,401	1,988,905
Intangible assets	97,033	1,550,971
Accrued income and prepaid expenses	654,761	326,620
Other assets	1,106,004	4,917,563
Total assets	151,498,450	139,555,266
Total amounts due from Group companies and qualified participants	1,362	-
Liabilities	CHF	CHF
Amounts due to banks	17,957,916	7,370,681
Other amounts due to customers	99,662,228	96,510,469
Accrued expenses and deferred income	3,056,781	2,910,204
Other liabilities	1,425,232	5,077,313
Value adjustments and provisions	959,885	1,366,105
Share capital	22,000,000	22,000,000
General legal reserve	226,000	151,000
Profit brought forward	4,094,494	2,713,304
Profit for the year	2,115,914	1,456,190
Total liabilities	151,498,450	139,555,266

and qualified participants
OFF-BALANCE SHEET

Total amounts due to Group companies

as at 31 December 2013

Off-balance sheet commitments	31.12.2013 CHF	31.12.2012 CHF
Contingent commitments	82,499	43,884
Irrevocable commitments	804,000	808,000

4,247,744

Off-balance sheet financial instruments

Underlying amounts	2,557,160,717	2,590,427,030
Positive replacement values	2,951,326	4,916,361
Negative replacement values	2,879,174	4,385,060

2,090,501



STATEMENT OF INCOME

for the year 2013

	31.12.2013 CHF	31.12.2012 CHF
Interest income		
Interest income	266,413	32,006
Interest expenses	(257,291)	(5,698)
Net interest income	9,122	26,308
Income from commissions and services		
Commission income from other services	345,116	274,665
Commission expenses	(169,539)	(98,328)
Net income from commissions and services	175,577	176,337
Trading income	29,933,335	26,994,447
Operating expenses		
Personnel expenses	(14,078,266)	(13,846,493)
Other operating expenses	(10,463,994)	(8,830,518)
Total operating expenses	(24,542,260)	(22,677,011)
Gross profit	5,575,774	4,520,081
Depreciation	(2,433,964)	(2,220,406)
Value adjustments, provisions and losses	(90,145)	(133,620)
Profit before extraordinary items and taxes	3,051,665	2,166,055
Extraordinary profit	13,006	21,739
Extraordinary expenses	-	-
Taxes	(948,757)	(731,604)
Profit for the year	2,115,914	1,456,190



at 31 December 2013

1. Activity and number of employees of the Bank

Dukascopy Bank SA (hereinafter the "Bank") has its head office in Geneva and representative offices in Riga (Latvia), Kiev (Ukraine), Hong Kong (China) and Moscow (Russia).

In 2011, the Bank acquired from AS Rietumu Banka, Latvia, 100% of AS RB Securities IBS, a European regulated broker based in Riga, Latvia. This subsidiary has been renamed Dukascopy Europe IBS AS. Consolidated financial statements including the Bank and Dukascopy Europe IBS AS are also available in addition to the present financial statements of Dukascopy Bank SA. The Bank is mainly active in the dealing of foreign exchange and precious metals (hereinafter "FX") through its home built trading platform.

Expressed in terms of full-time jobs, the number of employees at 31 December 2013 was 213.8 (189.2 at 31 December 2012).

2. Risk Management

The Board of Directors has established an analysis of the main risks the Bank is exposed to. This analysis relies on data and means implemented by the Bank in matter of Risk Management, as described hereinafter as well as on a prospective estimate of the risks affecting the Bank. In its analysis, the Board of Directors has considered the internal control system in place to manage risks. Based on its risk analysis, the Board of Directors has adopted a General Risk Policy in order to limit and manage the main risks affecting the Bank. The internal control system includes, in particular, a system of limits, the definition of authorised activities as well as competences relating to the risk taking in conformity with applicable prudential regulation. All significant risks are measured and controlled by an independent body.

Credit risk

FX trading is based on margin accounts which are mainly funded in cash deposited with the Bank or covered by bank guarantees. The trading platform automatically monitors the credit risk relating to clients by way of margin call and margin cut functionalities which ensure that the Bank remains covered by sufficient collateral at any time.

The credit risk relating to banks and other FX counterparties is mitigated by the fixation of limits within the competences set by the Board of Directors. The respect of the risk limits is controlled on a daily basis and limits are adapted as often as deemed necessary.

Market risk

The Bank measures the currency risk on a daily basis and ensures that limits granted by the Board of Directors are complied with. The balance sheet and off-balance sheet are converted at closing spot rates. When necessary, the Bank executes FX trade transactions to reduce FX exposure and to comply with its risk limits.



at 31 December 2013

2. Risk Management (continued)

The Bank owns Swiss government bonds with the intention to hold them until maturity and is marginally exposed to interest rate risk. The Bank calculates interest rate risk on a quarterly basis and optimises asset and liabilities management as often as deemed necessary.

Operational risks

Operational risks include the legal risk and concentrate mainly on execution of FX trades on the Bank's trading platform. The latter presents a high level of automation that reduces errors due to the human factor. The Bank has implemented and monitors, on a regular basis, an internal control system which mitigates the operational risks relating to Information Technology and to any other processes involving operational risks. The internal control system includes segregations of duties, internal regulation, control activities such as reconciliations and reporting of relevant information to the bodies in charge of risk supervision: Board of Directors, General Management and specialised committees.

Compliance risks

The policy of Dukascopy Bank SA is to conduct its activities in respect of the law, banking regulation and the interests of its clients. Compliance Officers follow the legal and regulatory developments and adjust the internal regulation accordingly. Compliance Officers, Internal and External Auditors enquire about the respect of internal and external regulations by the Bank and its personnel and report compliance issues to the Board of Directors.

3. Accounting and valuation principles

The accounting and valuation principles applied for the annual accounts at 31 December are in conformity with the regulations in force in Switzerland and more particularly with the Swiss Code of Obligations, the Federal Law on Banks and Saving institutions and with its Implementing Ordinance and the Guidelines governing the financial statements establishment issued by the Swiss Financial Market Supervisory Authority (FINMA-Circ. 08/2).

Changes to accounting principles

Starting 2013, the Bank offsets positive and negative replacement values towards several trading counterparties in order to more precisely calculate its risk positions vis-à-vis those counterparties. As a result, the captions "Other assets", "Other liabilities" and the total balance sheet of the Bank as at 31.12.2013 are CHF 1.8 million less than what they would be without netting. This change has no impact on the Bank's income and/or silent reserves. The comparative figures 2012 have not been restated.



at 31 December 2013

3. Accounting and valuation principles (continued)

a. Amounts due from and Amounts due to banks

They are accounted for in the balance sheet at their face value. When deemed necessary, individual value adjustments are recorded as "Valuation adjustments and provisions".

b. Loans and advances to customers

The Bank is not active in credit activities. However, loans and advances on salaries may be granted to employees of the Bank and amounts receivable from clients may appear in the normal course of the Bank's core activities. Loans and advances to customers are carried at their nominal value. Impaired loans are loans for which it is doubtful that debtors will be able to meet their commitments. Impaired loans and any collateral obtained are valued at their liquidation value, and any adjustments in value are made in light of the debtors' creditworthiness. If the repayment of a loan depends exclusively on the sale of the collateral, a value adjustment is made for the entire unsecured portion of the loan.

c. Financial investments

This caption only comprises Swiss government bonds acquired with the intention to hold them until maturity. Held-tomaturity interest-bearing securities are carried at cost, with premiums or discounts (yield components) amortised over the term of the instrument using the accrual method. Gains and losses arising from their sale or early redemption are recorded proportionally up to the initial maturity date of the bonds.

d. Participations

They are recorded at their acquisition cost less necessary impairment losses.

e. Tangible fixed assets

They are carried on the balance sheet at the acquisition cost less any depreciation and accumulated impairment losses required. Depreciation is accounted for on the basis of the estimated period of use of the fixed assets. The appropriateness of the book-value is reviewed each year (impairment test). If this review brings to light a decrease in value or a change in the period of use, the Bank records impairment losses by debiting the caption "Depreciation on fixed assets" or adjusts the depreciation expense over the revised period of use.

* Annual depreciation amounts to 40% of the accounting value at the beginning of the year. Acquisition cost of fixed assets acquired during the year are depreciated at the same rate on a prorata basis.



at 31 December 2013

3. Accounting and valuation principles (continued)

Fixed assets are depreciated over the following estimated periods of use:

- Fixtures and fittings
- 4 years, on a straight-line basis
- Furniture
- 4 years, on a straight-line basis
- -IT hardware
- 3 years, on a degressive* basis
- -Vehicles
- 5 years, on a degressive* basis
- f. Intangible assets

They consist in softwares acquired either by purchase or by contribution by the shareholders. Contribution values were based on independent valuations. Softwares are carried at acquisition cost or at contribution value less any depreciation and accumulated impairment losses required. Depreciation is accounted for on the basis of the estimated period of use of the intangible assets. The appropriateness of the book-value is reviewed each year (impairment test). If this review brings to light a decrease in value or a change in the period of use, the Bank accounts for impairment losses by debiting the caption "Depreciation on fixed assets" or adjusts the depreciation expense over the revised period of use. Intangible assets are depreciated on a degressive* basis over 5 years.

g. Value adjustments and provisions

The Bank records value adjustments and provisions based on its assessment of the risks of loss and probable liabilities, based on past events, of which the amount and due date are uncertain but assessable. Value adjustments and provisions which are no longer necessary are released and entered in the statement of income or allocated to cover other risks or maintained in the form of silent reserves.

h. Employee benefit obligations

The treatment of pension commitments is based on the Swiss GAAP FER 16 standard. Employee benefit obligations mean all commitments resulting from the pension fund to which Bank's employees are insured for retirement, death or disablement.

There is an economic benefit if, due to contribution reserves, the Bank has the ability to reduce its future employer's contributions. A contrario, there is a liability if, owing to a shortfall in the pension fund the Bank wants or has to participate in the financing of the pension fund.

^{*} Annual depreciation amounts to 40% of the accounting value at the beginning of the year. Acquisition cost of fixed assets acquired during the year are depreciated at the same rate on a prorata basis.



at 31 December 2013

3. Accounting and valuation principles (continued)

Each time the annual accounts are closed, the Bank determines whether there is an economic benefit or commitment on the basis of the annual accounts of the pension fund prepared in accordance with the Swiss GAAP FER 26 rules. An economic commitment is recorded as "Valuation adjustments and provisions" whereas an economic benefit is accounted for under "Other assets".

i. Taxes

The Bank records liabilities for income and capital taxes on an accrual basis.

j. Trading operations

Trading operations are made up of spot foreign exchange and precious metals transactions which are marked-to-market. Realised and unrealised results from trading operations are recorded in the "Trading income".

k. Use of swaps

The Bank uses currency swaps to rollover spot foreign exchange / precious metals transactions to the next spot settlement date until positions are closed. Replacement values of these instruments are recorded in "Other assets" and "Other liabilities".

I. Recording of transactions

All transactions are recorded in accordance with the trade date principle with the exception of currency / precious metals swaps and spot foreign exchange / precious metals transactions which are carried in the off-balance sheet until their value date.

m. Conversion of foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are converted at the exchange rates of the transaction date. Assets and liabilities carried in foreign currencies are converted at the exchange rates of the closing date of the financial statements. Conversion gains and losses are entered in the statement of income as "Trading income". At 31 December, the exchange rates used to convert the main foreign currencies were as follows:

		2013 CHF	2012 CHF
USD	1.00	0.89310	0.91520
EUR	1.00	1.22745	1.20765
GBP	1.00	1.47855	1.48745
CAD	1.00	0.84060	0.92230
JPY	1.00	0.00848	0.01055
AUD	1.00	0.79580	0.95160
NZD	1.00	0.73445	0.75855
LVL	1.00	1.74520	1.71821
NOK	1.00	0.14710	0.16440
SEK	1.00	0.13872	0.14071
SGD	1.00	0.70684	0.74965



at 31 December 2013

4. Information concerning the balance sheet

A. Collateral for loans and off-balance-sheet commitments

Loans	Secured by mortgages CHF	Other collateral CHF	Unsecured CHF	Total CHF
Amounts due from customers	-	-	78,459	78,459
Total at 31 December 2013	-	-	78,459	78,459
Total at 31 December 2012	-	16,436	104,261	120,697

Off-balance sheet commitments				
Contingent commitments	-	82,499	-	82,499
Irrevocable commitments	-	-	804,000	804,000
Total at 31 December 2013	-	82,499	804,000	886,499
Total at 31 December 2012	-	43,884	808,000	851,884

Breakdown of impaired loans/receivables	Gross amounts CHF	Estimated liquidation proceeds of collateral* CHF	Net debt amount CHF	Individual value adjustments CHF
Total at 31 December 2013	10,818	-	10,818	10,818
Total at 31 December 2012	89,475	-	89,475	88,945

* Credit or liquidation value per customer: the lower value is applied

B. Financial investments

b. Thancial investments	Book value		Fair value	
Debt securities	2013 CHF	2012 CHF	2013 CHF	2012 CHF
of which bonds held until maturity	15,961,977	-	16,312,080	-
Total	15,961,977	-	16,312,080	-
including securities eligible for repo transactions in accordance with liquidity regulations	15,961,977	-	16,312,080	-

C. Participations

Participations	2013 CHF	2012 CHF
Without listed value	1,486,497	1,386,497
Total participations	1,486,497	1,386,497



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4. Information concerning the balance sheet (continued)

Participations 31December 2013	Activity	Head office	Share capital CHF	Net book value CHF	Ownership and voting rights
SWFX-Swiss FX Marketplace SA	dormant	Geneva	100,000	100,000	100%
Dukascopy Europe IBS AS	brokerage	Riga	1,286,497	1,286,497	100%
Dukascopy Community SA	marketing	Geneva	100,000	100,000	100%
Participations 31December 2012	Activity	Head office	Share capital CHF	Net book value CHF	Ownership and voting rights
SWFX-Swiss FX Marketplace SA	dormant	Geneva	100,000	100,000	100%

D. Fixed assets	2012						2013
	Cost value	Accumulated depreciation	Depreciation	Book value at end of year			
Participations	CHF	CHF	CHF	CHF	CHF	CHF	CHF
Majority participations	1,386,497	-	1,386,497	100,000	-	-	1,486,497
Total participations	1,386,497	-	1,386,497	100,000	-	-	1,486,497
Tangible fixed assets	7,111,881	(5,122,976)	1,988,905	668,797	-	(967,301)	1,690,401
Intangible assets (softwares)	22,703,271	(21,152,300)	1,550,971	12,726	-	(1,466,664)	97,033
Total fixed assets	29,815,152	(26,275,276)	3,539,876	681,523	-	(2,433,965)	1,787,433

			2013 CHF	2012 CHF
Fire insurance value of other fixed assets	4	202,446	4,304,877	
	2014 CHF	2015 CHF	2016 CHF	2017 CHF
Future leasing installments arising from operating leases	1,425,851	1,051,654	346,187	223,493

E. Other assets and liabilities

Other assets	2013 CHF	2012 CHF
Positive replacement values	1,106,004	4,916,361
Others	-	1,202
Total other assets	1,106,004	4,917,563
Other liabilities		
Negative replacement values	1,033,852	4,385,060
Wire transfers	246,397	592,654
Indirect taxes to be paid	144,983	99,599
Total other liabilities	1,425,232	5,077,313



at 31 December 2013

4. Information concerning the balance sheet (continued)

F. Assets pledged as collateral or assigned to guarantee own commitments, as well as assets under reservation of ownership

	20	13	20	12
	Book value of pledged assets and assets assigned as collateral CHF	Effective obligations CHF	Book value of pledged assets and assets assigned as collateral CHF	Effective obligations CHF
Swiss government bonds	15,961,977	4,164,142	-	-
Deposits made with banks to cover guarantees	244,530	244,530	287,057	287,057
Total	16,206,507	4,408,672	287,057	287,057

G. Indications relating to pension funds

A collective pension fund plan exists for the employees based in Switzerland (Caisse Inter-Entreprises-CIEPP). This fund is a defined contributions scheme. As the Bank has not contributed to any employer's contribution reserve, there is no identifiable economic benefit to be capitalised in the balance sheet (2012: nil). Based on the last audited financial statements of the Caisse Inter-Entreprises-CIEPP as at 31 December 2012, the coverage ratio is 107.5% (31 December 2011: 100.1%).

The employees based in Russia are affilated to a defined contributions scheme pension fund of the Russian state. This fund does not allow any employer's contribution reserve.

There is no pension fund for the other foreign offices of the Bank.

Pension expenses included in "Personnel expenses" at 31 December were as follows:

	2013 CHF	2012 CHF
Contributions paid by the Bank in Switzerland	450,967	503,613
Contributions paid by the Bank in Russia	984	-
Total	451,951	503,613



at 31 December 2013

4. Information concerning the balance sheet (continued)

	, 1		5	5			
	Balance at 31 December 2012 CHF	Utilisation in conformity with designated purpose CHF	Change in allocation CHF	Recoveries, past due interest, currency translation differences CHF	New provisions charged to income CHF	Releases to income CHF	Balance at 31 December 2013 CHF
Value adjustments and provisions for default risks (collection and country risks)	88,945	(18,715)	(46,907)	501	-	(13,006)	10,818
Value adjustments and provisions for other business risks	816,160	(375,000)	46,907	-	-	-	488,067
Other provisions	461,000	-	-	-	-	-	461,000
Total value adjustments and provisions	1,366,105	(393,715)	-	501	-	(13,006)	959,885

H. Value adjustments, provisions and reserves for general banking risks

Value adjustments and provisions for other business risks include provisions for legal fees and litigations arising out of the normal conduct of Dukascopy Bank SA's activities. Provisions are valued according to the best estimate principle.

I. Share capital

i. Share capital		2013	
	Total par value CHF	Number of shares	Capital eligible for dividend CHF
Share capital	22,000,000	21,712,000	22,000,000
		2012	
	Total par value CHF	Number of shares	Capital eligible for dividend CHF
Share capital	22,000,000	21,712,000	22,000,000



at 31 December 2013

4. Information concerning the balance sheet (continued)

J. Justification of equity

	2013	2012
Shareholders' equity as at 1 January	CHF	CHF
Share capital	22,000,000	22,000,000
General legal reserve	151,000	106,000
Profit brought forward	4,169,494	2,758,304
Total shareholders' equity at 1 January	26,320,494	24,864,304
Profit brought forward allocated to general legal reserve	(75,000)	(45,000)
Contribution to the general legal reserve	75,000	45,000
Profit for the year	2,115,914	1,456,190
Total shareholders' equity at 31 December	28,436,408	26,320,494
Represented by:		
Share capital	22,000,000	22,000,000
General legal reserve	226,000	151,000
Profit brought forward	4,094,494	2,713,304
Profit for the year	2,115,914	1,456,190

K. Large shareholders and groups of shareholders bounds by voting agreements (exceeding 5%)

	2013				
	Nominal CHF	Number of shares CHF	% of equity	Capital eligible for dividend CHF	
With voting rights					
Dr. Andrey Duka	10,890,000	10,746,000	49.5%	10,890,000	
Veronika Makarova	10,890,000	10,746,000	49.5%	10,890,000	

	2012				
	Nominal CHF	Number of shares CHF	% of equity	Capital eligible for dividend CHF	
With voting rights					
Dr. Andrey Duka	10,890,000	10,746,000	49.5%	10,890,000	
Veronika Makarova	10,890,000	10,746,000	49.5%	10,890,000	

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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4. Information concerning the balance sheet (continued)

L. Presentation of the capital adequacy

	2013 CHF ('000)	2012 CHF ('000)
Tier 1 capital	28,329	24,864
./. Participations	(1,386)	(1,386)
Total eligible capital	26,943	23,478

	Used approach*	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	d capital (' 000)
Credit risks	Swiss standardised		1,424
Risks without counterparty	Swiss standardised		894
Market risks	standardised		7,957
of which on currencies	standardised	7,443	
of which on precious metals	standardised	514	
Operational risks	basic indicator		4,364
Total required capital			14,639
Surplus of eligible capital			12,304

* The Bank uses the transitionary rules allowed by the capital adequacy ordinance.

	2012				
	Used approach	•	d capital ('000)		
Credit risks	Swiss standardised		880		
Risks without counterparty	Swiss standardised		1,770		
Market risks of which on currencies of which on precious metals	standardised standardised standardised	5,040 484	5,524		
Operational risks	basic indicator		4,277		
Total required capital			12,451		
Surplus of eligible capital			11,027		
		2013	2012		
Ratio between eligible capital and required capi	184.0%	188.6%			
Solvency ratios (Tier 1 and CET 1*)		14.7%	15.1%		

*before coverage of large exposures excess, 10.5% minimum are required



at 31 December 2013

4. Information concerning the balance sheet (continued)

M. Maturity structure

Assets	At sight CHF	Cancellable CHF	Within 3 months CHF	Within 3 to 12 months CHF	Within 1 to 5 years CHF	Over 5 years CHF	No maturity CHF	Total CHF
Liquid assets	82,630,033	-	-	-	-	-	-	82,630,033
Amounts due from banks	47,548,755	244,530	-	-	-	-	-	47,793,285
Amounts due from customers	11,830	66,629	-	-	-	-	-	78,459
Financial investments	-	-	-	-	15,961,977	-	-	15,961,977
Total current assets at 31 December 2013	130,190,618	311,159	-	-	15,961,977	-	-	146,463,754
Total current assets at 31 December 2012	129,061,985	322,725	-	-	-	-	-	129,384,710
Third-party liabilities								
Amounts due to banks	17,957,916	-	-	-	-	-	-	17,957,916
Other amounts due to customers	99,662,228	-	-	-	-	-	-	99,662,228
Total third-party liabilities at 31 December 2013	117,620,144	-	-	-	-	-	-	117,620,144
Total third-party liabilities at 31 December 2012	103,881,150	-	-	-	-	-	-	103,881,150

N. Amounts due to / from affiliated entities and loans to governing bodies

At 31 December 2013 and 2012, there were no loans granted to governing bodies and no amounts due to / from affiliated entities.

Transactions with related parties

Dukascopy Bank SA engages into transactions with related parties in the normal course of its business. These transactions mainly include marketing services and software development support. Transactions with related parties are conducted at arm's length and were recorded as follows:

	2013	2012
	CHF	CHF
Amounts due to related companies at 31 December	84	-
Other operating expenses	699,647	688,361
Introducing Agent commissions paid	3,880	995



at 31 December 2013

4. Information concerning the balance sheet (continued)

O. Analysis of domestic and foreign assets and liabilities

	2013			2012		
in CHF ('000)	Domestic	Foreign	Total	Domestic	Foreign	Total
Assets						
Liquid assets	82,016	614	82,630	88,406	4,381	92,787
Amounts due from banks	23,030	24,763	47,793	22,344	14,132	36,476
Amounts due from customers	72	6	78	103	18	121
Financial investments	15,962	-	15,962	-	-	-
Participations	200	1,286	1,486	100	1,286	1,386
Tangible fixed assets	860	831	1,691	1,989	-	1,989
Intangible assets	82	15	97	1,551	-	1,551
Accrued income and prepaid expenses	612	43	655	327	-	327
Other assets	492	614	1,106	2,092	2,826	4,918
Total assets	123,326	28,172	151,498	116,912	22,643	139,555
Liabilities						
Amounts due to banks	-	17,958	17,958	-	7,371	7,371
Other amounts due to customers	6,070	93,592	99,662	5,256	91,255	96,511
Accrued expenses and deferred income	3,057	-	3,057	2,910	-	2,910
Other liabilities	986	439	1,425	2,647	2,430	5,077
Value adjustments and provisions	960	-	960	1,366	-	1,366
Share capital	22,000	-	22,000	22,000	-	22,000
General legal reserve	226	-	226	151	-	151
Profit brought forward	4,094	-	4,094	2,713	-	2,713
Profit for the year	2,116	-	2,116	1,456	-	1,456
Total liabilities	39,509	111,989	151,498	38,499	101,056	139,555

P. Analysis of total assets by country / group of countries

	2013		2012	
Assets	Absolute CHF ('000)	Share %	Absolute CHF ('000)	Share %
Switzerland	123,326	82	116,912	84
Europe excluding Switzerland	19,929	13	15,822	11
United States and Canada	8,196	5	6,796	5
Others	47	-	25	-
Total assets	151,498	100	139,555	100



at 31 December 2013

4. Information concerning the balance sheet (continued)

Q. Analysis of the balance sheet per currency

in CHF ('000)	CHF	EUR	USD	GBP	JPY	Others	Total
Assets							
Liquid assets	82,016	614	-	-	-	-	82,630
Amounts due from banks	3,396	6,152	29,548	6,061	483	2,153	47,793
Amounts due from customers	8	26	2	-	-	42	78
Financial investments	15,962	-	-	-	-	-	15,962
Participations	1,486	-	-	-	-	-	1,486
Tangible fixed assets	1,691	-	-	-	-	-	1,691
Intangible assets	97	-	-	-	-	-	97
Accrued income and prepaid expenses	509	29	67	21	-	29	655
Other assets	1,106	-	-	-	-	-	1,106
Total assets	106,271	6,821	29,617	6,082	483	2,224	151,498
Claims arising from spot exchange and swap transactions	207,952	432,383	1,095,041	240,982	196,860	383,871	2,557,089
Total at 31 December 2013	314,223	439,204	1,124,658	247,064	197,343	386,095	2,708,587

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Amounts due to banks	86	7,473	8,385	364	1,389	261	17,958
Other amounts due to customers	8,088	25,596	56,594	5,497	318	3,569	99,662
Accrued expenses and deferred income	2,362	349	256	20	-	70	3,057
Other liabilities	1,201	49	168	6	-	1	1,425
Value adjustments and provisions	953	-	7	-	-	-	960
Share capital	22,000	-	-	-	-	-	22,000
General statutory reserve	226	-	-	-	-	-	226
Profit brought forward	4,094	-	-	-	-	-	4,094
Profit for the year	2,116	-	-	-	-	-	2,116
Total liabilities	41,126	33,467	65,410	5,887	1,707	3,901	151,498
Delivery obligations arising from spot exchange and swap transactions	265,963	364,607	1,110,770	219,824	205,689	390,236	2,557,089
Total at 31 December 2013	307,089	398,074	1,176,180	225,711	207,396	394,137	2,708,587
Net position by currency	7,134	41,130	(51,522)	21,353	(10,053)	(8,042)	-



at 31 December 2013

5. Information concerning the off-balance sheet transactions

A. Open financial derivatives	Trading instruments				
OTC transactions	Positive replacement values CHF	Negative replacement values CHF	Contract volumes CHF		
Currencies:	Cili	Cili	C.I.I		
- forward contracts*	665,563	537,994	384,113,933		
- swaps	2,095,774	2,204,770	2,117,639,084		
Total currencies	2,761,337	2,742,764	2,501,753,017		
Precious metals:					
- forward contracts*	6,645	1,030	2,049,850		
- swaps	183,344	135,380	53,357,850		
Total precious metals	189,989	136,410	55,407,700		
Total at 31 December 2013 before impact of netting contracts	2,951,326	2,879,174	2,557,160,717		
Total at 31 December 2012 before impact of netting contracts	4,916,361	4,385,060	2,590,427,030		

* Represent the spot foreign exchange / precious metals transactions which are accounted for according to the value date principle.

	Positive replacement values CHF	Negative replacement values CHF
Total at 31 December 2013 after impact of netting contracts	1,106,004	1,033,852

No netting was applied on replacement values as at 31 December 2012.

6. Information concerning the statement of income

A. Trading income	2013	2012
Trading income	CHF	CHF
Currency and precious metals trading income	29,933,335	26,994,447
Total trading income	29,933,335	26,994,447
B. Personnel expenses Personnel expenses	2013 CHF	2012 CHF
Salaries	11,192,849	11,270,770
Benefits	2,794,921	2,510,562
Other personnel expenses	90,496	65,161
Total personnel expenses	14,078,266	13,846,493



at 31 December 2013

6. Information concerning the statement of income (continued)

C. Other operating expenses

Other operating expenses	2013 CHF	2012 CHF
Marketing and communication	3,178,847	2,731,519
Premises	2,321,330	2,285,417
Legal, audit and consulting	1,083,103	792,324
Post, telecommunications and data	770,055	830,799
Travels	985,476	910,696
Office supply	237,502	197,646
IT related expenses	1,701,671	937,527
Others	186,009	144,590
Total other operating expenses	10,463,994	8,830,518

D. Extraordinary income and expenses

Extraordinary income	2013 CHF	2012 CHF
Dissolution of provision on doubtful debtors	13,006	-
Disposal of amortised fixed assets	-	21,739
Total extraordinary income	13,006	21,739

There was no extraordinary expense in 2013 and 2012.



at 31 December 2013

6. Information concerning the statement of income (continued)

E. Analysis of domestic and foreign income and expenses

L. Analysis of domestic and foreign meetine and expenses	2013	
	Domestic CHF	Foreign CHF
Net interest income	9,122	-
Net income from commissions and services	175,577	-
Trading income	29,933,335	-
Personnel expenses	(8,552,352)	(5,525,914)
Other operating expenses	(5,223,816)	(5,240,178)
Gross profit	16,341,866	(10,766,092)

2012

	Domestic CHF	Foreign CHF
Net interest income	26,308	-
Net income from commissions and services	176,337	-
Trading income	26,994,447	-
Personnel expenses	(9,268,974)	(4,577,519)
Other operating expenses	(5,631,819)	(3,198,699)
Gross profit	12,296,299	(7,776,218)



PROPOSED APPROPRIATION OF AVAILABLE EARNINGS

at 31 December 2013

The Board of Directors proposes the following appropriation of available earnings:

	2013
	CHF
Profit for the year	2,115,914
Profit brought forward	4,094,494
Amount at the disposal of the Shareholders' meeting	6,210,408

	2013
Proposed utilisation	CHF
Contribution to the general legal reserve	106,000
To be carried forward	6,104,408
Total	6,210,408



Report of the Statutory Auditor on the Financial Statements to the General Meeting of shareholders of

Dukascopy Bank SA, Geneva

As statutory auditor, we have audited the accompanying financial statements of Dukascopy Bank SA, which comprise the balance sheet, income statement and notes for the year ended 31 December 2013.

Board of Directors 'Responsibility

The Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the requirements of Swiss law and the company's articles of incorporation. This responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining an internal control system relevant to the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. The Board of Directors is further responsible for selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

Auditor 's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Swiss law and Swiss Auditing Standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers the internal control system relevant to the entity's preparation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control system. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013 comply with Swiss law and the company's articles of incorporation.



Dukascopy Bank SA, Geneva Report of the Statutory Auditor on the Financial Statements 2013 to the General Meeting

Report on Other Legal Requirements

We confirm that we meet the legal requirements on licensing according to the Auditor Oversight Act (AOA) and independence (article 728 CO and article 11 AOA) and that there are no circumstances incompatible with our independence.

In accordance with article 728a paragraph 1 item 3 CO and Swiss Auditing Standard 890, we confirm that an internal control system exists, which has been designed for the preparation of financial statements according to the instructions of the Board of Directors.

We further confirm that the proposed appropriation of available earnings complies with Swiss law and the company's articles of incorporation. We recommend that the financial statements submitted to you be approved.

KPMG SA

Philippe Ruedin Licensed Audit Expert Auditor in Charge

colas Moser Ν Licensed Audit Expert

Geneva, 30 April 2014

Enclosure:

- Financial statements (balance sheet, income statement and notes)
- Proposed appropriation of available earnings



CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

as at 31 December 2013

Assets	31.12.2013 CHF	31.12.2012 CHF
Liquid assets	82,630,033	92,787,467
Amounts due from banks	48,105,078	36,635,582
Amounts due from customers	78,459	120,698
Financial investments	15,961,977	-
Non-consolidated participations	200,000	100,000
Tangible fixed assets	1,690,401	1,988,905
Intangible assets	97,033	1,550,971
Accrued income and prepaid expenses	656,959	326,621
Other assets	1,308,544	968,898
Total assets	150,728,484	134,479,142
Total amounts due from non-consolidated Group companies and qualified participants	1,362	-
Liabilities	CHF	CHF
Liabilities Amounts due to banks	CHF 13,875,581	CHF 5,362,892
Amounts due to banks	13,875,581	5,362,892
Amounts due to banks Other amounts due to customers	13,875,581 102,337,076	5,362,892 97,600,023
Amounts due to banks Other amounts due to customers Accrued expenses and deferred income	13,875,581 102,337,076 3,091,453	5,362,892 97,600,023 2,951,063
Amounts due to banks Other amounts due to customers Accrued expenses and deferred income Other liabilities	13,875,581 102,337,076 3,091,453 1,643,473	5,362,892 97,600,023 2,951,063 1,139,542
Amounts due to banks Other amounts due to customers Accrued expenses and deferred income Other liabilities Value adjustments and provisions	13,875,581 102,337,076 3,091,453 1,643,473 614,135	5,362,892 97,600,023 2,951,063 1,139,542 1,020,355
Amounts due to banks Other amounts due to customers Accrued expenses and deferred income Other liabilities Value adjustments and provisions Reserves for general banking risks	13,875,581 102,337,076 3,091,453 1,643,473 614,135 345,750	5,362,892 97,600,023 2,951,063 1,139,542 1,020,355 345,750
Amounts due to banks Other amounts due to customers Accrued expenses and deferred income Other liabilities Value adjustments and provisions Reserves for general banking risks Share capital	13,875,581 102,337,076 3,091,453 1,643,473 614,135 345,750 22,000,000	5,362,892 97,600,023 2,951,063 1,139,542 1,020,355 345,750 22,000,000
Amounts due to banksOther amounts due to customersAccrued expenses and deferred incomeOther liabilitiesValue adjustments and provisionsReserves for general banking risksShare capitalProfit reserves	13,875,581 102,337,076 3,091,453 1,643,473 614,135 345,750 22,000,000 4,091,990	5,362,892 97,600,023 2,951,063 1,139,542 1,020,355 345,750 22,000,000 2,738,779

CONSOLIDATED OFF-BALANCE SHEET

as at 31 December 2013

Off-balance sheet commitments	31.12.2013 CHF	31.12.2012 CHF
Contingent commitments	82,499	43,884
Irrevocable commitments	804,000	808,000

Off-balance sheet financial instruments

Underlying amounts	2,557,231,828	2,590,404,750
Positive replacement values	3,127,018	4,941,544
Negative replacement values	3,072,004	4,417,527



CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INCOME

for the year 2013

	31.12.2013 CHF	31.12.2012 CHF
Interest income		
Interest income	266,413	32,005
Interest expenses	(257,291)	(5,697)
Net interest income	9,122	26,308
Income from commissions and services		
Commission income from other services	345,116	274,686
Commission expenses	(174,136)	(99,653)
Net income from commissions and services	170,980	175,033
Trading income	30,962,064	27,220,125
Operating expenses		
Personnel expenses	(14,415,031)	(14,157,716)
Other operating expenses	(10,538,100)	(8,878,835)
Total operating expenses	(24,953,131)	(23,036,551)
Gross profit	6,189,035	4,384,915
Depreciation	(2,433,964)	(2,220,406)
Value adjustments, provisions and losses	(137,200)	(133,906)
Profit before extraordinary items and taxes	3,617,871	2,030,603
Extraordinary income	59,913	21,739
Taxes	(948,758)	(731,604)
Profit for the year	2,729,026	1,320,738



at 31 December 2013

1. Activity and number of employees of the Group

Dukascopy Bank SA (hereinafter the "Bank") has its head office in Geneva and representative offices in Riga (Latvia), Kiev (Ukraine), Hong Kong (China) and Moscow (Russia). The Bank is mainly active in the dealing of foreign exchange and precious metals (hereinafter "FX") through its home built trading platform.

In 2011, the Bank acquired from AS Rietumu Banka, Latvia, 100% of AS RB Securities IBS, a European regulated broker based in Riga, Latvia. This subsidiary has been renamed Dukascopy Europe IBS AS. Dukascopy Europe IBS AS offers the same trading platform to its own clients through a white label agreement signed with the Bank.

Expressed in terms of full-time jobs, the number of employees in the Group at 31 December 2013 was 232.8 (206.3 at 31 December 2012).

2. Risk Management

Each Group entity has a supervisory body responsible for managing risks in accordance with applicable local regulation and the Group standards set by the Bank. The Bank is responsible for exercising consolidated supervision over Dukascopy Group which includes oversight of risks affecting all Group entities. Since the Bank is the main Group entity, comments here-after focus on the Bank. The Bank's Board of Directors has established an analysis of the main risks the Bank is exposed to. This analysis relies on data and means implemented by the Bank. In matter of Risk Management, as described hereinafter as well as on a prospective estimate of the risks affecting the Bank. In its analysis, the Board of Directors has considered the internal control system in place to manage risks. Based on its risk analysis, the Bank's Board of Directors has adopted a General Risk Policy in order to limit and manage the main risks affecting the Bank. The internal control system includes, in particular, a system of limits, the definition of authorised activities as well as competences relating to the risk taking in conformity with applicable prudential regulation. All significant risks are measured and controlled by an independent body.

Credit risk

FX trading is based on margin accounts which are mainly funded in cash deposited with the Bank or covered by bank guarantees. The trading platform automatically monitors the credit risk relating to clients by way of margin call and margin cut functionalities which ensure that the Bank remains covered by sufficient collateral at any time.

The credit risk relating to banks and other FX counterparties is mitigated by the fixation of limits within the competences set by the Bank's Board of Directors. The respect of the risk limits is controlled on a daily basis and limits are adapted as often as deemed necessary.



at 31 December 2013

2. Risk Management (continued)

Market risk

The Bank measures the currency risk on a daily basis and ensures that limits granted by the Board of Directors are complied with. The balance sheet and off-balance sheet are converted at closing spot rates. When necessary, the Bank executes FX trade transactions to reduce FX exposure and to comply with its risk limits.

The Bank owns Swiss government bonds with the intention to hold them until maturity and is marginally exposed to interest rate risk. The Bank calculates interest rate risk on a quarterly basis and optimises asset and liabilities management as often as deemed necessary.

Operational risks

Operational risks include the legal risk and concentrate mainly on execution of FX trades on the Bank's trading platform. The latter presents a high level of automation that reduces errors due to the human factor. The Bank has implemented and monitors, on a regular basis, an internal control system which mitigates the operational risks relating to Information Technology and to any other processes involving operational risks. The internal control system includes segregations of duties, internal regulation, control activities such as reconciliations and reporting of relevant information to the bodies in charge of risk supervision: Board of Directors, General Management and specialised committees.

Compliance risks

The policy of Dukascopy Bank SA is to conduct its activities in respect of the law, banking regulation and the interests of its clients. Compliance Officers follow the legal and regulatory developments and adjust the internal regulation accordingly. Compliance Officers, Internal and External Auditors enquire about the respect of internal and external regulations by the Bank and its personnel and report compliance issues to the Board of Directors.

3. Accounting principles of the consolidated financial statements

3.1. Principles ruling the establishment of the consolidated financial statements

The consolidated annual accounts are established in conformity with the regulations in force in Switzerland and more particularly with the Swiss Code of Obligations, the Federal Law on Banks and Saving institutions and with its Implementing Ordinance and the Guidelines governing the financial statements establishment issued by the Swiss Financial Market Supervisory Authority (FINMA-Circ. 08/2).



at 31 December 2013

3. Accounting principles of the consolidated financial statements (continued)

3.2. Changes to accounting principles

Starting 2013, the Bank offsets positive and negative replacement values towards several trading counterparties in order to more precisely calculate its risk positions vis-à-vis those counterparties. As a result, the captions "Other assets", "Other liabilities" and the total consolidated balance sheet as at 31.12.2013 were CHF 1.8 million less than what they would be without netting. This change has no impact on the Group's income. The comparative figures have been restated as required by the DEC-FINMA 08/2. The impact is shown in note 5A.

3.3. Consolidation scope

All companies active in the financial sector in which Dukascopy Bank SA directly or indirectly holds a controlling interest are fully consolidated in the financial statements. Control is the power to govern, directly or indirectly, the financial and operating policies of the entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities. To determine the existence of control, potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are taken into consideration. The financial statements of subsidiaries are incorporated in the consolidated financial statements from the date on which control is obtained until the date on which control ceases.

Associates having a financial activity in which the Bank has a significant but not controlling influence on the financial and operating policies are accounted for using the equity method. Significant influence is presumed when Dukascopy Bank SA directly or indirectly holds over 20% of the equity voting rights in these companies. The consolidated financial statements include the Group's share in the net assets and the profit or loss of associates. Goodwill identified on associates is included in the carrying amount of the investment and is tested yearly for impairment as a share of the investment.

Participations below 20%, dormant companies, affiliates which are not active in the financial sector and temporary participations are excluded from the consolidation scope and are carried at cost less necessary impairments reflecting the permanent decrease in value of such participations.

3.4. Elimination of intercompany transactions

When preparing the consolidated financial statements, significant balances, transactions and unrealised gains and losses between Group companies are eliminated. Unrealised gains and losses on transactions with associates and jointly controlled companies are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in these entities.



at 31 December 2013

3. Accounting principles of the consolidated financial statements (continued)

3.5. True and fair view principle

The consolidated financial statements of the Group reflect the true and fair view of the assets, the liabilities, the financial situation and financial results of the Group.

3.6. Closing date of the consolidated financial statements

The closing date of the consolidated financial statements is the 31 December.

3.7. Recording of transactions

For all Group entities, all transactions are recorded in accordance with the trade date principle with the exception of currency / precious metals swaps and spot foreign exchange / precious metals transactions which are carried in the off-balance sheet until their value date.

3.8. Conversion of foreign currencies

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Swiss francs (CHF). Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency of each entity of the Group using the exchange rate prevailing on the transaction date.

Assets and liabilities of the Bank carried in foreign currencies are converted at the exchange rates of the consolidated financial statements' closing date. Conversion gains and losses are entered in the Bank's statement of income as "Trading income".

At 31 December, the exchange rates used to convert the main foreign currencies were as follows:

		2013 CHF	2012 CHF
USD	1.00	0.89310	0.91520
EUR	1.00	1.22745	1.20765
GBP	1.00	1.47855	1.48745
CAD	1.00	0.84060	0.92230
JPY	1.00	0.00848	0.01055
AUD	1.00	0.79580	0.95160
NZD	1.00	0.73445	0.75855
LVL	1.00	1.74520	1.71821
NOK	1.00	0.14710	0.16440
SEK	1.00	0.13872	0.14071
SGD	1.00	0.70684	0.74965



at 31 December 2013

3. Accounting principles of the consolidated financial statements (continued)

The conversion into CHF of the financial statements of foreign Group entities for the needs of the consolidation are made at the exchange rates listed above for all consolidated balance sheet, off-balance sheet and statement of income captions, except equity which is converted at historical rates. Conversion differences arising from the conversion of the financial statements of foreign Group entities are included in the "Profit reserves" of the consolidated balance sheet.

3.9. Amounts due from and Amounts due to banks

They are accounted for in the consolidated balance sheet at their face value. When deemed necessary, individual value adjustments are recorded as "Valuation adjustments and provisions".

3.10. Loans and advances to customers

The Bank is not active in credit activities. However, loans and advances on salaries may be granted to employees of the Bank and amounts receivable from clients may appear in the normal course of the Bank's core activities. Loans and advances to customers are carried at their nominal value. Impaired loans are loans for which it is doubtful that debtors will be able to meet their commitments. Impaired loans and any collateral obtained are valued at their liquidation value, and any adjustments in value are made in light of the debtors' creditworthiness. If the repayment of a loan depends exclusively on the sale of the collateral, a value adjustment is made for the entire unsecured portion of the loan.

3.11. Financial investments

This caption only comprises Swiss government bonds acquired with the intention to hold them until maturity. Held-tomaturity interest-bearing securities are carried at cost, with premiums or discounts (yield components) amortised over the term of the instrument using the accrual method. Gains and losses arising from their sale or early redemption are recorded proportionally up to the initial maturity date of the bonds.

3.12. Tangible fixed assets

They are carried on the consolidated balance sheet at the acquisition cost less any depreciation and accumulated impairment losses required. Depreciation is accounted for on the basis of the estimated period of use of the fixed assets. The appropriateness of the book-value is reviewed each year (impairment test). If this review brings to light a decrease in value or a change in the period of use, the Group entities record impairment losses by debiting the caption "Depreciation on fixed assets" or adjust the depreciation expense over the revised period of use.



at 31 December 2013

3. Accounting principles of the consolidated financial statements (continued)

In the Group, fixed assets are depreciated over the following estimated periods of use:

- Fixtures and fittings	4 years, on a straight-line basis
- Furniture	4 years, on a straight-line basis
- IT hardware	3 years, on a degressive* basis
-Vehicles	5 years, on a degressive* basis

3.13. Intangible assets

They consist in softwares acquired either by purchase or by contribution by the shareholders. Contribution values were based on independent valuations. Softwares are carried at acquisition cost or at contribution value less any depreciation and accumulated impairment losses required. Depreciation is accounted for on the basis of the estimated period of use of the intangible assets. The appropriateness of the book-value is reviewed each year (impairment test).

If this review brings to light a decrease in value or a change in the period of use, the Group entities account for impairment losses by debiting the caption "Depreciation on fixed assets" or adjust the depreciation expense over the revised period of use. In the Group, intangible assets are depreciated on a degressive* basis over 5 years.

The goodwill (positive consolidation difference), if any, is presented in the consolidated balance sheet and depreciated over the estimated period of use. There was no such goodwill at the closing date of the consolidated financial statements.

3.14. Value adjustments and provisions

The Group entities record value adjustments and provisions based on their assessment of the risks of loss and probable liabilities, based on past events, of which the amount and due date are uncertain but assessable. Value adjustments and provisions which are no longer necessary are released and entered in the statement of income or allocated to cover other risks. This caption also includes provisions for deferred tax.

^{*} Annual depreciation amounts to 40% of the accounting value at the beginning of the year. Acquisition cost of fixed assets acquired during the year are depreciated at the same rate on a prorata basis.



at 31 December 2013

3. Accounting principles of the consolidated financial statements (continued)

3.15. Employee benefit obligations

The treatment of pension commitments is based on the Swiss GAAP FER 16 standard. Employee benefit obligations mean all commitments resulting from the pension funds to which Group entities' employees are insured for retirement, death or disablement.

There is an economic benefit if, due to contribution reserves, the Group entities have the ability to reduce their future employer's contributions. A contrario, there is a liability if, owing to a shortfall in the pension funds, the Group entities want or have to participate in the financing of the pension funds.

Each time the annual accounts are closed, the Group entities determine whether there is an economic benefit or commitment on the basis of the annual accounts of the pension funds prepared in accordance with the Swiss GAAP FER 26 rules. An economic commitment is recorded as "Valuation adjustments and provisions" whereas an economic benefit is accounted for under "Other assets".

3.16. Reserves for general banking risks

The Bank may constitute such reserves in order to cover risks relating to the banking activity which are not covered by specific provisions. This caption also consists in hidden reserves in individual financial statements of Group entities which must be reclassified in application of the true and fair view principle. The reserves for general banking risks form an integral part of the equity.

3.17. Share capital

The share capital is made of Dukascopy Bank SA's share capital.

3.18. Profit reserves

The profit reserves consist in equity accumulated by the Group. They include the differences resulting from the elimination of the participations, the retained profits and losses and the differences arising from the conversion of the financial statements of foreign Group entities.

3.19. Taxes

The Group entities record liabilities for income and capital taxes on an accrual basis. This caption also includes deferred tax expenses resulting from value adjustments in accordance with the true and fair view principle which are recognised in the statement of income. Deferred tax assets on tax losses carried forward are not capitalised; they are set out under note 4.P.

3.20. Trading operations

Trading operations are made up of spot foreign exchange and precious metals transactions which are marked-tomarket. Realised and unrealised results from trading operations are recorded in the consolidated "Trading income".

3.21. Use of swaps

Group entities use currency swaps to rollover spot foreign exchange / precious metals transactions to the next spot settlement date until positions are closed. Replacement values of these instruments are recorded in "Other assets" and "Other liabilities".



at 31 December 2013

4. Information concerning the consolidated balance sheet

A. Collateral for loans and off-balance-sheet commitments

Loans	Secured by mortgages CHF	Other collateral CHF	Unsecured CHF	Total CHF
Amounts due from customers	-	-	78,459	78,459
Total at 31 December 2013	-	-	78,459	78,459
Total at 31 December 2012	-	16,436	104,262	120,698
Total at 31 December 2012	-	16,436	104,262	120,698

Off-balance sheet commitments				
Contingent commitments	-	82,499	-	82,499
Irrevocable commitments	-	-	804,000	804,000
Total at 31 December 2013	-	82,499	804,000	886,499
Total at 31 December 2012	-	43,884	808,000	851,884

Breakdown of impaired loans	Gross debt amount CHF	Estimated liquidation proceeds of collateral* CHF	Net debt amount CHF	Individual value adjustments CHF
Total at 31 December 2013	10,818	-	10,818	10,818
Total at 31 December 2012	89,475	-	89,475	89,475

* Credit or liquidation value per customer: the lower value is applied

B. Financial investments	Book	value	Fair value		
	2013 2012		2013	2012	
Debt securities	CHF	CHF	CHF	CHF	
of which bonds held until maturity	15,961,977	-	16,312,080	-	
Total	15,961,977	-	16,312,080	-	
including securities eligible for repo transactions in accordance with liquidity regulations	15,961,977	-	16,312,080	-	

C. Non-consolidated participations

	2013	2012
Non-consolidated participations	CHF	CHF
Without listed value	200,000	100,000
Total non-consolidated participations	200,000	100,000



at 31 December 2013

4. Information concerning the consolidated balance sheet (continued)

Non-consolidated participations 2013	Activity	Head office	Share capital CHF	Net book value CHF	Ownership and voting rights
SWFX-Swiss FX Marketplace SA	dormant	Geneva	100,000	100,000	100%
Dukascopy Community SA	marketing	Geneva	100,000	100,000	100%
Non-consolidated participations 2012	Activity	Head office	Share capital CHF	Net book value CHF	Ownership and voting rights
SWFX-Swiss FX Marketplace SA	dormant	Geneva	100,000	100,000	100%

D. Fixed assets

D. Fixed assets		2012					
Participations	Cost value CHF	Accumulated depreciation CHF	Book value at end of year CHF	Additions CHF	Disposals CHF	Depreciation CHF	Book value at end of year CHF
Majority participation	100,000	-	100,000	100,000	-	-	200,000
Total participations	100,000	-	100,000	100,000	-	-	200,000
Tangible fixed assets	7,111,881	(5,122,976)	1,988,905	668,797	-	(967,301)	1,690,401
Intangible assets (softwares)	22,703,271	(21,152,300)	1,550,971	12,726	-	(1,466,664)	97,033
Total fixed assets	29,815,152	(26,275,276)	3,539,876	681,523	-	(2,433,965)	1,787,433

		2013 CHF	2012 CHF	
Fire insurance value of tangible fixed assets	4,202,446	4,304,877		
	2014 CHF	2015 CHF	2016 CHF	2017 CHF
Future leasing installments arising from operating leases	1,425,851	1,051,654	346,187	223,493

E. Other assets and liabilities

Other assets	2013 CHF	2012 CHF
Positive replacement values	1,281,688	962,249
Others	26,856	6,649
Total other assets	1,308,544	968,898
Other liabilities	2013 CHF	2012 CHF
Negative replacement values	1,226,749	438,232
Wire transfers	246,437	592,654
Indirect taxes to be paid	144,983	99,599
Others	25,304	9,057
Total other liabilities	1,643,473	1,139,542



at 31 December 2013

4. Information concerning the consolidated balance sheet (continued)

F. Assets pledged as collateral or assigned to guarantee own commitments, as well as assets under reservation of ownership

	20	13	20	12
	Book value of pledged assets and assets assigned as collateral CHF	Effective obligations CHF	Book value of pledged assets and assets assigned as collateral CHF	Effective obligations CHF
Swiss government bonds	15,961,977	4,164,142	-	-
Deposits made with banks to cover guarantees	244,530	244,530	287,057	287,057
Total	16,206,507	4,408,672	287,057	287,057

G. Indications relating to pension funds

A collective pension fund plan exists for the employees based in Switzerland (Caisse Inter-Entreprises-CIEPP). This fund is a defined contributions scheme. As the Bank has not contributed to any employer's contribution reserve, there is no identifiable economic benefit to be capitalised in the balance sheet (2012: nil). Based on the last audited financial statements of the Caisse Inter-Entreprises-CIEPP as at 31 December 2012, the coverage ratio is 107.5% (31 December 2011: 100.1%).

The employees based in Russia are affilated to a defined contributions scheme pension fund of the Russian state. This fund does not allow any employer's contribution reserve.

There is no pension funds for the consolidated entity of the Group.

Pension expenses included in "Personnel expenses" at 31 December were as follows:

	2013	2012
	CHF	CHF
Contributions paid by the Bank in Switzerland	450,967	503,613
Contributions paid by the Bank in Russia	984	-
Total	451,951	503,613



at 31 December 2013

4. Information concerning the consolidated balance sheet (continued)

	Balance at 31 December 2012 CHF	Utilisation in conformity with designated purpose CHF	Recoveries, past due interest, currency translation differences CHF CHF		Releases to income CHF	Balance at 31 December 2013 CHF
Provisions for deferred taxes	115,250	-	-	-	-	115,250
Value adjustments and provisions for default risks (collection and country risks)	88,945	(18,715)	501	-	(59,913)	10,818
Value adjustments and provisions for other business risks	816,160	(375,000)	-	46,907	-	488,067
Total value adjustments and provisions	1,020,35	(393,715	501	46,907	(59,913)	614,135
Reserves for general banking risks	345,750	-	-	-	-	345,750

H. Value adjustments, provisions and reserves for general banking risks

Value adjustments and provisions for other business risks include provisions for legal fees and litigations arising out of the normal conduct of Dukascopy Bank SA's activities. Provisions are valued according to the best estimate principle.



at 31 December 2013

4. Information concerning the consolidated balance sheet (continued)

I. Justification of equity

	2013	2012
Shareholders' equity as at 1 January	CHF	CHF
Share capital	22,000,000	22,000,000
Profit reserves	4,091,990	2,738,779
Reserves for general banking risks	345,750	345,750
Total shareholders' equity at 1 January	26,437,740	25,084,529
Profit for the year	2,729,026	1,320,738
Total shareholders' equity at 31 December	29,166,766	26,405,267
Represented by:		
Share capital	22,000,000	22,000,000
Profit reserves	6,821,016	4,059,517
Reserves for general banking risks	345,750	345,750

J. Presentation of the capital adequacy

	2013 CHF ('000)	2012 CHF ('000)
Tier 1 capital	28,446	24,972
./. Participations	(100)	(100)
Total eligible capital	28,346	24,872

		2013		2012	
	Used approach*	Required capital CHF ('000)			ed capital (' 000)
Credit risks	Swiss standardised		1,395		876
Risks without counterparty	Swiss standardised		894		1,770
Market risks	standardised		8,017		5,626
of which on currencies	standardised	7,502		5,142	
of which on precious metals	standardised	515		484	
Operational risks	basic indicator		4,427		4,288
Total required capital			14,733		12,560
Surplus of eligible capital			13,613		12,312

* In 2013 the Bank uses the transitionary rules allowed by the capital adequacy ordinance.

Ratio between eligible capital and required capital as per Swiss Law	192.4 %	198.0 %
Solvency ratios (Tier 1 and CET 1*)	15.4%	15.8%

* before coverage of large exposures excess, 10.5% minimum are required



at 31 December 2013

4. Information concerning the consolidated balance sheet (continued)

K. Maturity structure

Assets	At sight CHF	Cancellable CHF	Within 3 months CHF	Within 3 to 12 months CHF	Within 1 to 5 years CHF	Over 5 years CHF	No maturity CHF	Total CHF
Liquid assets	82,630,033	-	-	-	-	-	-	82,630,033
Amounts due from banks	47,860,548	244,530	-	-	-	-	-	48,105,078
Amounts due from customers	11,830	66,629	-	-	-	-	-	78,459
Financial investments	-	-	-	-	15,961,977	-	-	15,961,977
Total current assets at 31 December 2013	130,502,411	311,159	-	-	15,961,977	-	-	146,775,547
Total current assets at 31 December 2012	129,221,022	322,725	-	-	-	-	-	129,543,747
Third-party liabilities								
Amounts due to banks Other amounts due to customers	13,875,581 102,337,076	-	-	-	-	-	-	13,875,581 102,337,076
Total third-party liabilities at 31 December 2013	116,212,657	-	-	-	-	-	-	116,212,657
Total third-party liabilities at 31 December 2012	102,962,915	-	-	-	-	-	-	102,962,915

L. Amounts due to / from affiliated entities and loans to governing bodies

At 31 December 2013 and 2012, there were no loans granted to governing bodies and no amounts due to / from affiliated entities.

Transactions with related parties

Dukascopy Bank SA engages into transactions with related parties in the normal course of its business. These transactions mainly include marketing services and software development support.

Transactions with related parties are conducted at arm's length and were recorded as follows:

	2013 CHF	2012 CHF
Amounts due to related companies at 31 December	84	-
Other operating expenses	(00 (17	600 261
	699,647	688,361
Introducing Agent commissions paid	3,880	995



at 31 December 2013

4. Information concerning the consolidated balance sheet (continued)

M. Analysis of domestic and foreign assets and liabilities

	2013			2012		
in CHF ('000)	Switzerland	Foreign	Total	Switzerland	Foreign	Total
Assets						
Liquid assets	82,016	614	82,630	88,406	4,381	92,787
Amounts due from banks	23,030	25,074	48,104	22,344	14,291	36,635
Amounts due from customers	72	6	78	103	18	121
Financial investments	15,962	-	15,962	-	-	-
Participations	200	-	200	100	-	100
Tangible fixed assets	860	831	1,691	1,989	-	1,989
Intangible assets	82	15	97	1,551	-	1,551
Accrued income and prepaid expenses	612	45	657	327	-	327
Other assets	501	808	1,309	363	606	969
Total assets	123,335	27,393	150,728	115,183	19,296	134,479
Liabilities						
Amounts due to banks	-	13,876	13,876	-	5,363	5,363
Other amounts due to customers	6,102	96,235	102,337	5,263	92,336	97,599
Accrued expenses and deferred income	3,091	-	3,091	2,951	-	2,951
Other liabilities	1,012	631	1,643	929	211	1,140
Value adjustments and provisions	607	7	614	1,020	-	1,020
Reserves for general banking risks	346	-	346	346	-	346
Share capital	22,000	-	22,000	22,000	-	22,000
Profit reserves	4,092	-	4,092	2,739	-	2,739
Profit for the year	2,729	-	2,729	1,321	-	1,321
Total liabilities	39,979	110,749	150,728	36,569	97,910	134,479

N. Analysis of total assets by country / group of countries

	20	13	2012			
Assets	Absolute CHF ('000)	Share %	Absolute CHF ('000)	Share %		
Switzerland	123,335	82	115,183	86		
Europe excluding Switzerland	19,036	13	13,596	10		
United States and Canada	8,201	5	5,672	4		
Others	156	-	28	-		
Total assets	150,728	100	134,479	100		



at 31 December 2013

4. Information concerning the consolidated balance sheet (continued)

O. Analysis of the balance sheet per currency

in CHF ('000)	CHF	EUR	USD	GBP	JPY	Others	Total
Assets							
Liquid assets	82,016	614	-	-	-	-	82,630
Amounts due from banks	3,405	6,235	29,601	6,116	483	2,265	48,105
Amounts due from customers	8	26	2	-	-	42	78
Financial investments	15,962	-	-	-	-	-	15,962
Participations	200	-	-	-	-	-	200
Tangible fixed assets	1,690	-	-	-	-	-	1,690
Intangible assets	97	-	-	-	-	-	97
Accrued income and prepaid expenses	509	30	68	21	-	29	657
Other assets	1,282	-	5	-	-	22	1,309
Total assets	105,169	6,905	29,676	6,137	483	2,358	150,728
Claims arising from spot exchange and swap transactions	207,969	432,378	1,095,137	240,928	196,885	383,880	2,557,177
Total at 31 December 2013	313,138	439,283	1,124,813	247,065	197,368	386,238	2,707,905

Liabilities

Amounts due to banks	6	4,569	7,667	126	1,389	119	13,876
Other amounts due to customers	8,176	26,885	57,366	5,789	318	3,803	102,337
Accrued expenses and deferred income	2,362	372	263	20	-	74	3,091
Other liabilities	1,393	56	167	6	-	21	1,643
Value adjustments and provisions	607	-	7	-	-	-	614
Reserves for general banking risks	346	-	-	-	-	-	346
Share capital	22,000	-	-	-	-	-	22,000
Profit reserves	4,092	-	-	-	-	-	4,092
Profit for the year	2,729	-	-	-	-	-	2,729
Total liabilities	41,711	31,882	65,470	5,941	1,707	4,017	150,728
Delivery obligations arising from spot	265,963	364,603	1,110,886	219,771	205,705	390,249	2,557,177
exchange and swap transactions							
Total at 31 December 2013	307,674	396,485	1,176,356	225,712	207,412	394,266	2,707,905
Net position by currency	5,464	42,798	(51,543)	21,353	(10,044)	(8,028)	-

P. Deferred tax assets

	2013 CHF	2012 CHF
Amount of non-capitalised deferred tax asset	168,664	186,610

This amount relates to losses carried forward by Dukascopy Europe IBS AS.



at 31 December 2013

5. Information concerning the consolidated off-balance sheet transactions

A. Open financial derivatives

A. Open financial derivatives	Trading instruments		
OTC transactions	Positive replacement values CHF	Negative replacement values CHF	Contract volumes CHF
Currencies:			
- forward contracts*	665,563	537,994	384,113,933
- swaps	2,269,683	2,395,275	2,117,708,908
Total currencies	2,935,246	2,933,269	2,501,822,841
Precious metals:			
 forward contracts* 	6,645	1,030	2,049,850
- swaps	185,127	137,705	53,359,137
Total precious metals	191,772	138,735	55,408,987
Total at 31 December 2013 before impact	3,127,018	3,072,004	2,557,231,828
of netting contracts			
Total at 31 December 2012 before impact of netting contracts	4,941,544	4,417,527	2,590,404,750

* Represent the spot foreign exchange / precious metals transactions which are accounted for according to the value date principle.

	Positive replacement values CHF	Negative replacement values CHF
Total at 31 December 2013 after impact of netting contracts	1,281,688	1,226,749
Total at 31 December 2012 after impact of netting contracts	962,249	438,232

6. Information concerning the consolidated statement of income

A. Trading income	2013	2012
Trading income	CHF	CHF
Currency and precious metals trading income	30,962,064	27,220,125
Total trading income	30,962,064	27,220,125
B. Personnel expenses	2013	2012
Personnel expenses	CHF	CHF
Salaries	11,407,153	11,440,096
Benefits	2,914,151	2,652,459
Other personnel expenses	93,727	65,161
Total personnel expenses	14,415,031	14,157,716



at 31 December 2013

6. Information concerning the consolidated statement of income (continued)

C. Other operating expenses

	2013	2012
Other operating expenses	CHF	CHF
Marketing and communication	3,206,567	2,748,392
Premises	2,321,330	2,285,417
Legal, audit and consulting	1,117,079	815,021
Post, telecommunications and data	770,192	830,937
Travels	985,476	910,696
Office supply	237,560	197,734
IT related expenses	1,702,718	938,558
Others	197,178	152,080
Total other operating expenses	10,538,100	8,878,835

D. Extraordinary income and expenses

	2013	2012
Extraordinary income	CHF	CHF
Dissolution of provisions on doubtful debtors	59,913	-
Disposal of amortised fixed assets	-	21,739
Total extraordinary income	59,913	21,739

There was no extraordinary expense in 2013 and 2012.



at 31 December 2013

6. Information concerning the consolidated statement of income (continued)

E. Analysis of domestic and foreign income and expenses

E. Analysis of domestic and foreign income and expenses	2013	
	Domestic CHF	Foreign CHF
Net interest income	9,122	-
Net income from commissions and services	175,577	(4,597)
Trading income	29,933,335	1,028,729
Personnel expenses	(8,552,352)	(5,862,679)
Other operating expenses	(5,223,816)	(5,314,284)
Gross profit	16,341,866	(10,152,831)

	2012	
	Domestic CHF	Foreign CHF
Net interest income	26,308	-
Net income from commissions and services	176,337	(1,304)
Trading income	26,994,446	225,679
Personnel expenses	(9,268,973)	(4,888,743)
Other operating expenses	(5,631,819)	(3,247,016)
Gross profit	12,296,299	(7,911,384)



Report of the Statutory Auditor on the Consolidated Financial Statements to the General Meeting of

Dukascopy Bank SA, Geneva

As statutory auditor, we have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Dukascopy Bank SA, which comprise the balance sheet, income statement and notes for the year ended 31 December 2013.

Board of Directors' Responsibility

The Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the provisions governing the preparation of financial statements for Banks and the requirements of Swiss law. This responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining an internal control system relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. The Board of Directors is further responsible for selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Swiss law and Swiss Auditing Standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers the internal control system relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control system. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statemente we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013 give a true and fair view of the financial position, the results of operations and the cash flows in accordance with the provisions governing the preparation of financial statements for banks and comply with Swiss law.



Dukascopy Bank SA, Geneva Report of the Statutory Auditor on the Consolidated Financial Statements 2013 to the General Meeting

Report on Other Legal Requirements

We confirm that we meet the legal requirements on licensing according to the Auditor Oversight Act (AOA) and independence (article 728 CO and article 11 AOA) and that there are no circumstances incompatible with our independence.

In accordance with article 728a paragraph 1 item 3 CO and Swiss Auditing Standard 890, we confirm that an internal control system exists, which has been designed for the preparation of consolidated financial statements according to the instructions of the Board of Directors.

We recommend that the consolidated financial statements submitted to you be approved.

KPMG SA

Philippe Ruedin Licensed Audit Expert Auditor in Charge

colas Moser N Licensed Audit Expert

Geneva, 30 April 2014

Enclosure:

- Consolidated financial statements (balance sheet, income statement and notes)



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